

Superior Court of the District of Columbia
CIVIL DIVISION

Check One:

- ☒ **Civil Actions Branch**
500 Indiana Ave., N.W.
Room 5000
Washington, D.C. 20001
Telephone: (202) 879-1133
- ☐ **Landlord & Tenant Branch**
510 4th Street, N.W.
Room 110
Washington, D.C. 20001
Telephone: (202) 879-4879
- ☐ **Small Claims & Conciliation Branch**
510 4th Street, N.W.
Room 120
Washington, D.C. 20001
Telephone: (202) 879-1120

City and County of Honolulu, et al.

Plaintiff

SUBPOENA FOR A CIVIL CASE

v.

Sunoco, LP et al.

Defendant

CASE NUMBER: 2026-CAB-004322

To: American Petroleum Institute

☐ Check box if medical records are being requested☒ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in this Court at the place, date, and time specified below to testify in the above case.

COURTROOM AND ADDRESS	DATE	TIME

☒ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and time specified below to testify at the taking of a deposition in the above case.

PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE	TIME
Remote video-conference (see attachment)	7/27/2026	2:00 pm (ET)

Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoenaed for the taking of a deposition must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify on its behalf, and may set forth, for each person designated, the matters on which each person will testify. Super. Ct. Civ. R. 30(b)(6).

☒ YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection and copying of the following documents or objects at the place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects):

DOCUMENTS OR OBJECTS	DATE	TIME
See attachment 1		
PLACE OF PRODUCTION	DATE	TIME
100 Montgomery St., Ste. 1410, SF, CA 94104	7/27/2026	2:00 pm (ET)

☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the following premises at the date, and time specified below.

PREMISES	DATE	TIME

ISSUING PERSON'S SIGNATURE AND TITLE (indicate if attorney for plaintiff or defendant)	DATE
/s/ William Liang, Attorney for Plaintiffs	6/22/2026
ISSUING PERSON'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER	
William Liang, 100 Montgomery St., Ste. 1410, SF, CA 94104; 628-231-2500	

Authorization as required by D.C. Code §14-307 and Brown v. U.S., 567 A.2d 426 (D.C. 1989), is hereby given for issuance of a subpoena for medical records concerning a person who has not consented to disclosure of the records and has not waived the privilege related to such records.

Superior Court of the District of Columbia

Civil Actions Branch
500 Indiana Ave NW
Room 5000
Washington, DC 20001
(202) 879-1133


C. Ramirez 6/22/2026
(See Super. Ct. Civ. R. 75 (c) and (d) on the reverse side)
WHITE - FOR RETURN OF SERVICE YELLOW - FOR SERVICE

JUDGE

PROOF OF SERVICE

Served	Date	Time	Place
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Served on (Print Name)	Title
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MANNER OF SERVICE (attach the return receipt if service was made by registered or certified mail) I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows:

DECLARATION OF SERVER

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the District of Columbia that I am at least 18 years of age and not a party to the above entitled case and that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct.

Executed on _____

Date

Signature of Server _____

Address of Server _____

Super. Ct. Civ. R. 45(c) and (d):**(c) PROTECTING A PERSON SUBJECT TO A SUBPOENA; ENFORCEMENT.**

(1) *Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions.* A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) *Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.*

(A) *Appearance Not Required.* A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) *Objections.* A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) *Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.*

(A) *When Required.* On timely motion, the court must quash or modify a subpoena that:

(i) fails to allow reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 25 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person—except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place to the place of trial;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) *When Permitted.* To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or

(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 25 miles to attend trial.

(C) *Specifying Conditions as an Alternative.* In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO A SUBPOENA.

(1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.* These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) *Documents.* A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) *Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified.* If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) *Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form.* The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) *Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information.* The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) *Claiming Privilege or Protection.*

(A) *Information Withheld.* A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation materials must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) *Information Produced.* If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.