# Global Survey of Jewish University Student Experiences



FIGHTING HATE FOR GOOD



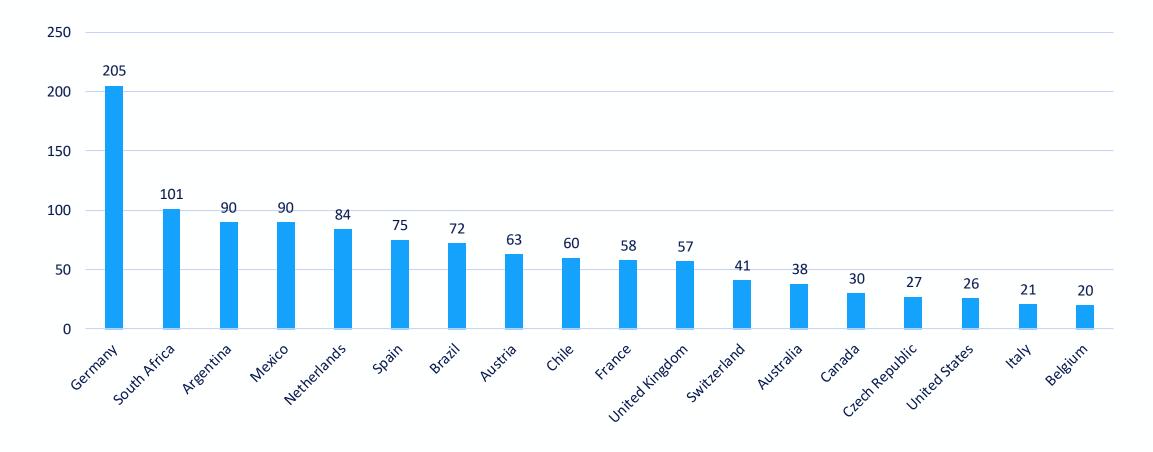
#### Methodology

#### **Data on global Jewish student experiences**

- 1,727 responses collected from July 28, 2024 to June 20, 2025
- Online survey fielded via the Qualtrics survey platform
- Surveys disseminated to Jewish undergraduate and graduate university students worldwide through the World Union of Jewish Students using snowball sampling

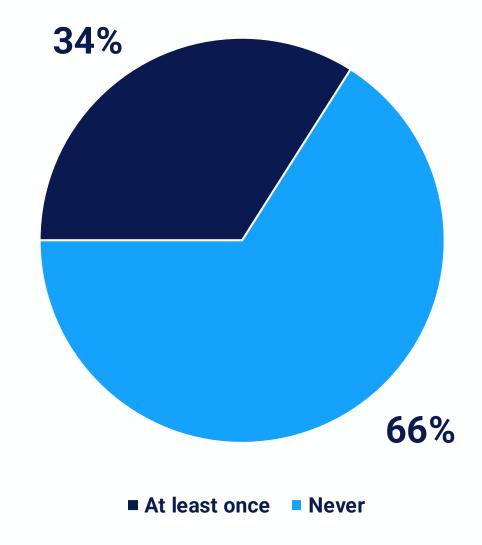


#### **University locations\***

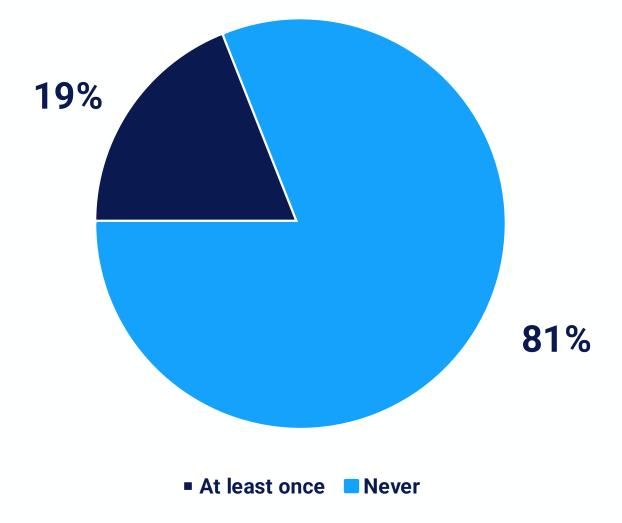




Over the past year, 34% of Jewish students know Jewish peers who were physically threatened on campus.



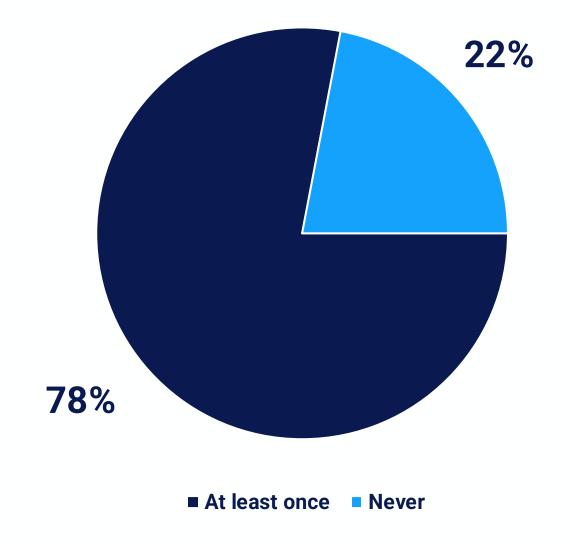
Over the past year, 19% of Jewish students know Jewish peers who were physically assaulted on campus.



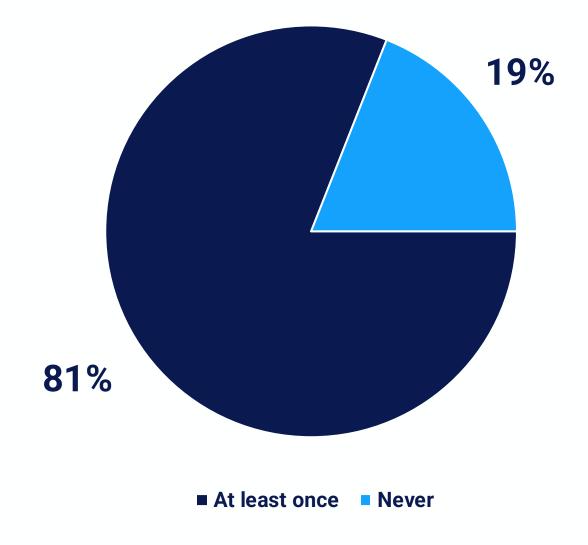
# Self-censorship



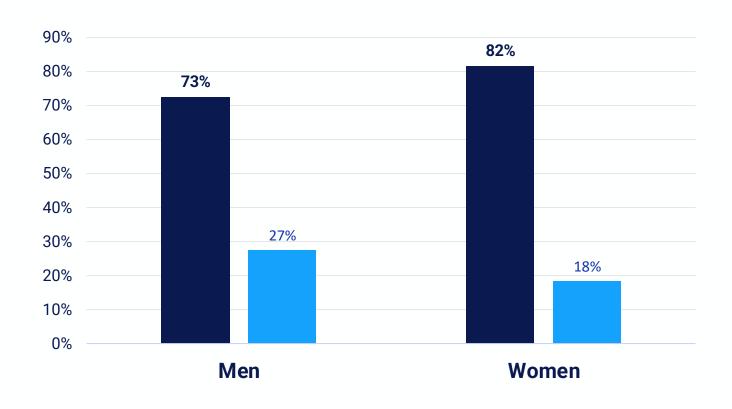
Over the past 12 months, how frequently did you feel the need to hide your Jewish identity from others at your university?



Over the past 12 months, how frequently did you feel the need to hide your identity as a Zionist from others at your university?

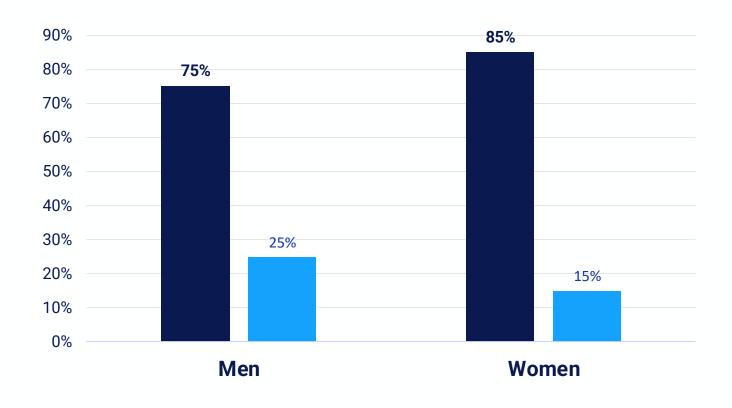


Women students are more likely than men to feel the need to hide their Jewish identity from others at their university.



■ Hide ■ Do not hide

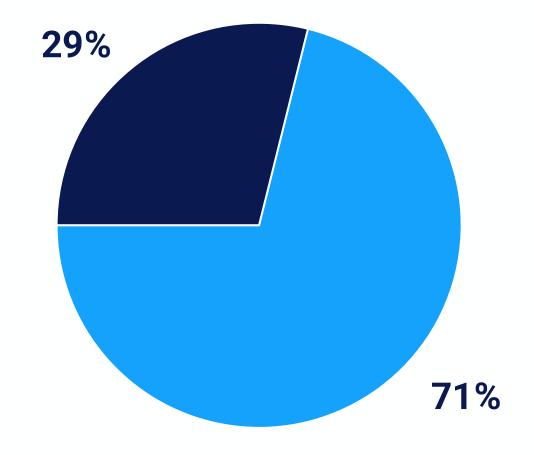
Women students are more likely than men to feel the need to hide their Zionist identity from others at their university.



■ Hide ■ Do not hide



29% of Jewish students who asked for an academic accommodation based on being Jewish were denied or only sometimes granted them.

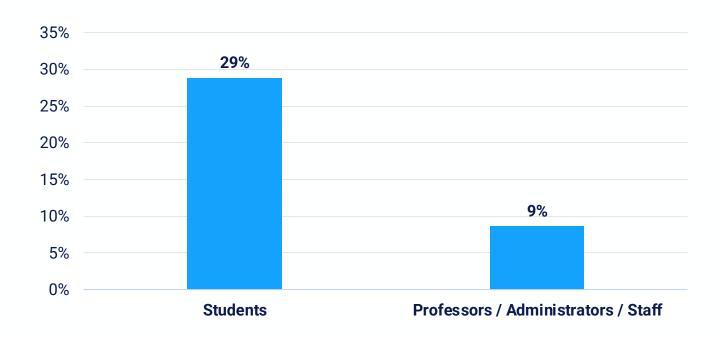


Denied or only sometimes granted

Usually or always granted

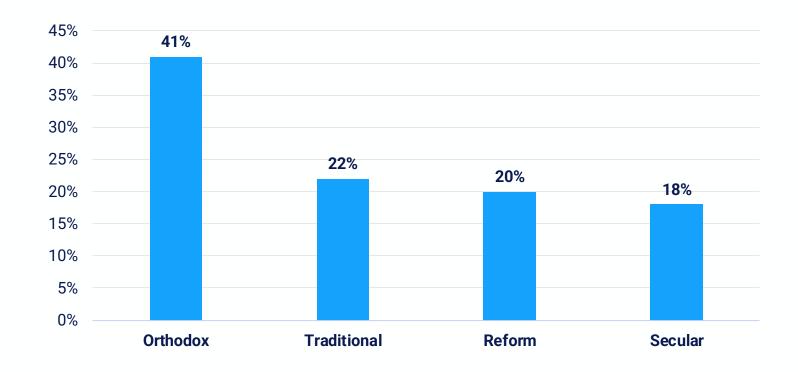


# Over the past 12 months, how frequently were you treated differently by the following types of people because you are Jewish?



■ Treated differently somewhat or very frequently

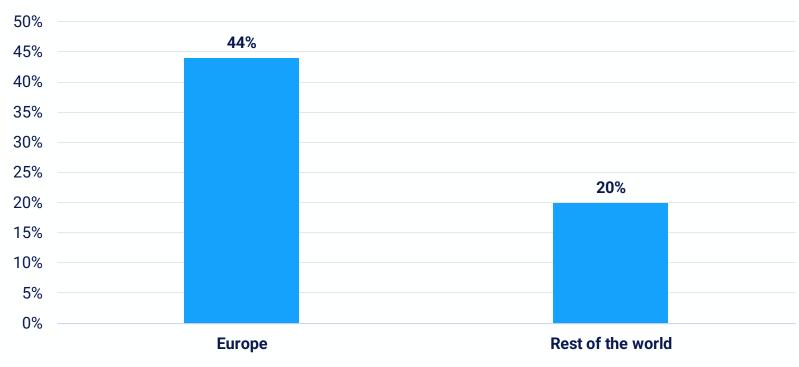
## Orthodox Jewish students are disproportionately affected by different treatment by peers.



Frequently treated differently



### Europe has the world's highest rate of religious accommodation denial.



<sup>■</sup> Never granted or only sometimes granted religious accommodations\*



#### Calls to Action 1/2

- Universities should adopt and implement the International Holocaust Remembrance
  Alliance (IHRA) Working Definition of Antisemitism, including its eleven examples,
  to identify, address, and prevent antisemitic incidents and rhetoric.
- Universities should appoint designated coordinators for combating antisemitism and supporting Jewish and Israeli students, staff and faculty at university.
- Universities should conduct regular campus climate surveys to track and address antisemitism and anti-Zionism, ensuring that data-driven insights guide policies to protect Jewish and Israeli students, faculty, and staff.

#### Calls to Action 2/2

- Universities should implement peer-to-peer training programs, including bystander training on countering antisemitism and student leadership against antisemitism to equip students to recognize, prevent, and respond to antisemitism on campus.
- Universities should offer a clear and readily accessible accommodations policy for religious observances and showcase awareness of the Jewish holidays.
- Universities should re-affirm their opposition to the Boycott, Divestment and Sanctions (BDS) movement and also proactively affirm their commitment to the free exchange of ideas and wide access to academic opportunities, including with Israeli academic institutions and academics.

# THANKYOU



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